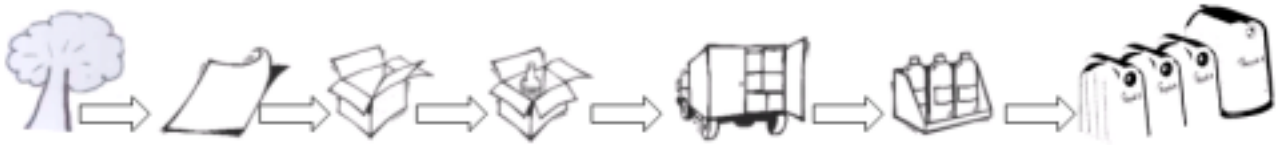


## Section 2 Output Packaging



The above image is a representation of the Life Cycle of packaging. A manufacturer takes natural or man made goods and forms the raw materials which are then used to form packaging. The piece of packaging is applied to the product and flows along the supply chain possibly changing hands many times. At the end of its cycle it becomes waste. As a Member of Repak, you report and are subsequently charged for the stages of the lifecycle you partake in. This ensures that each party pays its fair share.

### 2.1 Irish Sourced Output Packaging – Supplied in the ROI

**Packaging or packaged products made or supplied by Irish suppliers, which are sold to customers in Republic Of Ireland. You should look at the direct supply chain – where did they get the packaging/product from (Source) – and where is it going to (Destination)**



**Materials Manufacturer** – the Company, who makes the raw materials, which are used to make packaging. These raw materials can be classified as follows:

*If there are composite materials, of which the dominant material is **70% or greater**, then the full weight of the packaging should be reported under the heading of the dominant material*

The following materials are reported on the form:

**Paper** – Pulp

**Glass** – Soil and sand – Found in nature, but the packaging manufacturer takes responsibility for reporting as a Materials Manufacturer and Converter

**Aluminium** – Aluminium Sheets – The mineral is found in nature, but the sheet manufacturer takes responsibility for reporting as a Materials Manufacturer

**Steel** – Manufactures alloy of Iron and Carbon

**Plastic** – Plastic Pellets from refined petrochemicals

**Wood** – Planks of wood

**Paper Comp** – composite of two materials, where paper is *less* than 70% of the predominant material

**Metal Comp** – composite of two materials, where metal is *less* than 70% of the predominant material

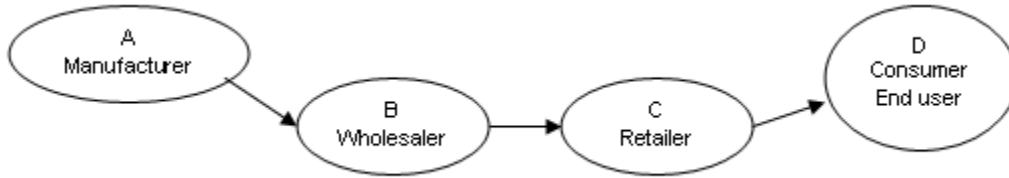
**Other** – Any material, which can not be classified within these categories, for example hemp rope etc



**Converter** – Manufactures packaging from Irish sourced raw materials

**Brandholder** – is responsible for primary, secondary and tertiary packaging on finished goods supplied by them or on their behalf, where they are the Brandholder of the primary product

## Examine your supply chain



**Distributor** – This is the first person to transport the packaged goods along the supply chain, once packaging has been applied

Do you deliver or does your customer come to collect?

- If A applies packaging to the product, then whoever transports or pays for transport to B, reports as Distributor
- If C applies additional packaging, then how it is delivered to D, defines Distributor for this additional packaging item
- The Distributor role should be taken as the first to transport for each piece of packaging applied, along the supply chain, unless in a retail outlet situation, where the customer walks in and collects, for example shopping bags or fruit 'n' veg bags etc

**Retailer** - This is where packaging sold on product, is removed by the next person in the supply chain

- If A applies packaging and their customer B removes this packaging, then A reports as Retailer for the proportion removed
- If A sells to B who then sells on to C, and C then removes the packaging applied by A, B is responsible as the Retailer, as they sell on to C

As it may be impossible to look at each individual item of packaging on product, group your sales together, assigned by who your customer is:

- ✓ Wholesaler Will only remove a small amount of tertiary packaging
- ✓ Retailer Will remove all bar that which is associated with the primary product
- ✓ End user Will remove all packaging



## 2.3 Imported Output Packaging - Supplied in the Republic of Ireland

This is packaging or packaged products imported directly by the Member, which are sold to ROI market

**Materials Manufacturer** – Imports the raw materials used to make packaging - For materials see definitions in 2.1

**Converter** – Either imports finished packaging products, or makes packaging from imported raw materials which are then placed on ROI market

**Brandholder/Importer** – Either applies imported packaging, or imports finished goods (with associated packaging) for sale to ROI market. The member is the importer if they:



- Import finished goods with their brand name
- Are invoiced by suppliers for products outside the ROI
- \*\* You must take responsibility for what you directly import even if the brand owner is already a member of Repak Ltd

**But** if a non-Irish non-obligated brandholder takes the responsibility by joining Repak and reports for products being imported in to Ireland, then the Importer is not obligated for the packaging as Brandholder/Importer

**Remember once the goods leave your hands they will be Irish sourced to your customer and they will report them in section 2.1**

**Distributor** – This is the first person to transport the packaged goods along the supply chain, once packaging has been applied → do you deliver or does your customer come to collect?

**Retailer** - This is where packaging sold on product, is removed by the next person in the supply chain – Therefore you must recognise the packaging on your products your customer removes.

As it may be impossible to look at each individual item of packaging on product, group your sales together, assigned by who your customer is:



- ✓ Wholesaler Will only remove a small amount of tertiary packaging
- ✓ Retailer Will remove all except that which is associated with the primary product
- ✓ End user Will remove all packaging

## Section 2.2+2.4 All Exports

Any packaging or packaged product, irrelevant of source, which you export



**Empty Packaging** – Any empty packaging as product you export



**Filled Packaging** – Any packaging around product you export

